

Proceeding: In the Matter of 1998 Biennial Regulatory Review -- Amendment of Part of the ☒ Record 1 of 1

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Submission Type: CO ☒

Submission Status: ACCEPTED ☒

Viewing Status: UNRESTRICTED ☒

Subject:

DA Number:

Exparte Late Filed:

File Number: NA

Calendar Date Filed: 08/18/1998 8:59:10 AM

Date Disseminated:

Filed From: EMAIL

Official Date Filed: 08/18/1998

Date Released/Denied:

Initials:

Confirmation #

Date Filed:

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

AUG 18 1998

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

INTERNET FILING

98-143

8/18/98

No. of Copies rec'd 1

LSABODE

I would like to respond to several questions put forth in your recent proposal for part 97 rule changes. I would also like to comment on sections in which no specific questions were raised in the formal proposal, but which I feel should be emphasized.

In part IV, section A, paragraph 11 the FCC proposes a reduction from the present six license classes to four classes. I would like to suggest that this change will be nothing more than a "stop gap" measure. Any number of license classes greater than three is excessive. An entry level class (novice), an intermediate class (general), and an advanced class (extra or advanced) fully meets the needs and requirements of the amateur community. If the FCC is prepared to expend public funds reorganizing the amateur service, then a reasonably bold step is in order.

In part IV, section E, paragraphs 19 through 24 the formal proposal suggests that the multiple steps in code testing should be reduced. I agree, but I would suggest that the entry level class have no code requirements and that a code test for the advanced and intermediate level licensee consist of one minute solid copy at 10 wpm out of five minutes sent. This type of test fully meets present and near term requirements for both international regulation and actual amateur practice. I would like to discuss this point in greater detail.

Most amateur communication is carried out over paths which allow high signal levels. Under this condition, both voice and automatic decoding of digital signals is easily accomplished today. Some amateurs, however, prefer to pursue methods of communication that result in very low signal levels at the receiver. Under this condition, affordable computers are not yet able to provide low error automatic decoding of the signals. Nor are the signals of sufficient level to allow conventional human voice communication. Under this latter condition, human interpreted code transmission is still able to provide a lower error link than other forms. I would suggest that this will remain the case for five to ten years. It should no longer be the case when the typical hobbyist can buy a PC with processing power 100 times that available today. When conditions are such that human interpreted code is the only way to complete the communication, actual practice dictates that very slow transmission rates be used. Typically 5 to 10 wpm allows completion of contact, greater speeds under these conditions typically fail.

In part IV, section E, paragraph 25 the proposal has been made to eliminate the exemption from code exam due to disability. I wholeheartedly support this proposal.

In part IV, section F, paragraphs 26 through 27, the proposal discusses written test changes. I would like to suggest that the amateur community must become better versed in the (technical) theory and application of modern communications modes in order to fully participate in the development, and even operation of equipment using these modes of communication. To this end I would suggest that the advanced class licensee demonstrate a mastery consistent with the "advance" or "extra" title, something the present tests do not accomplish. A 100 question test covering today's Extra class material plus significant additions beyond the present material would best demonstrate the suggested mastery. Additional topics may include modern communication modes (CD, TD, FD multiple access), conventional (narrowband) terrestrial and spaceborne communications modes, and more detailed system/circuit applications relevant to those modes. The intermediate-

class test would consist of a 100 question written test covering material similar to today's General AND Advanced class amateur written tests. The entry level written test would consist of a fifty question written test focusing on operating procedures and basic applications much as a combination of today's Novice and Technician class written test. In each case, the prospective licensee would best be served by being asked to demonstrate mastery beyond rote memorization of a large percentage of some prepublished question pool. If multiple choice is the preferred type of test, do not prepublish the specific questions. Greater use of schematics and functional block diagrams would also force the development of a more thorough understanding of the operation of communication hardware AND increasingly important control software.

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